



Creating Flash-Aware Applications

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NVM (Flash, other) is different from Disk

Area	Hard Disk Drives	Flash Devices
Logical to Physical Blocks	Nearly 1:1 Mapping	Remapped at every write
Read/Write Performance	Largely symmetrical	Heavily asymmetrical. Additional operation (erase)
Sequential vs Random Performance	100x difference. Elevator scheduling for disk arm	<10x difference. No disk arm – NAND die
Background operations	Rarely impact foreground	Regular occurrence. If unmanaged - can impact foreground
Wear out	Largely unlimited writes	Limited writes
IOPS	100s to 1000s	100Ks to Millions
Latency	10s ms	10s-100s us





<https://opennvm.github.io>

OpenNVM

Welcome to the open source project for creating new interfaces for non-volatile memory (like flash).

GNU Public License v2.0

<http://www.opencompute.org/projects/storage/>



Contributions

Current OpenNVM Repositories



Flash-aware Linux swap

When working set size exceeds the capacity of DRAM, demand page from a flash-aware virtual memory subsystem.

[Repository](#) [Learn More](#)



Key-value interface to flash

Create NoSQL databases faster. Automate garbage collection of expired data.

[Repository](#) [Learn More](#)



Flash programming primitives

Use built-in characteristics of the Flash Translation Layer to perform journal-less updates (more performance and less flash wear = lower TCO)

[Repository](#) [Learn More](#)

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1st Contribution: Flash Primitives



Flash programming primitives

Use built-in characteristics of the Flash Translation Layer to perform journal-less updates (more performance and less flash wear = lower TCO)

[Repository](#) [Learn More](#)

On GitHub:

- API specifications, such as:
 - `nvm_atomic_write()`
 - `nvm_batch_atomic_operations()`
 - `nvm_atomic_trim()`
- Sample program code

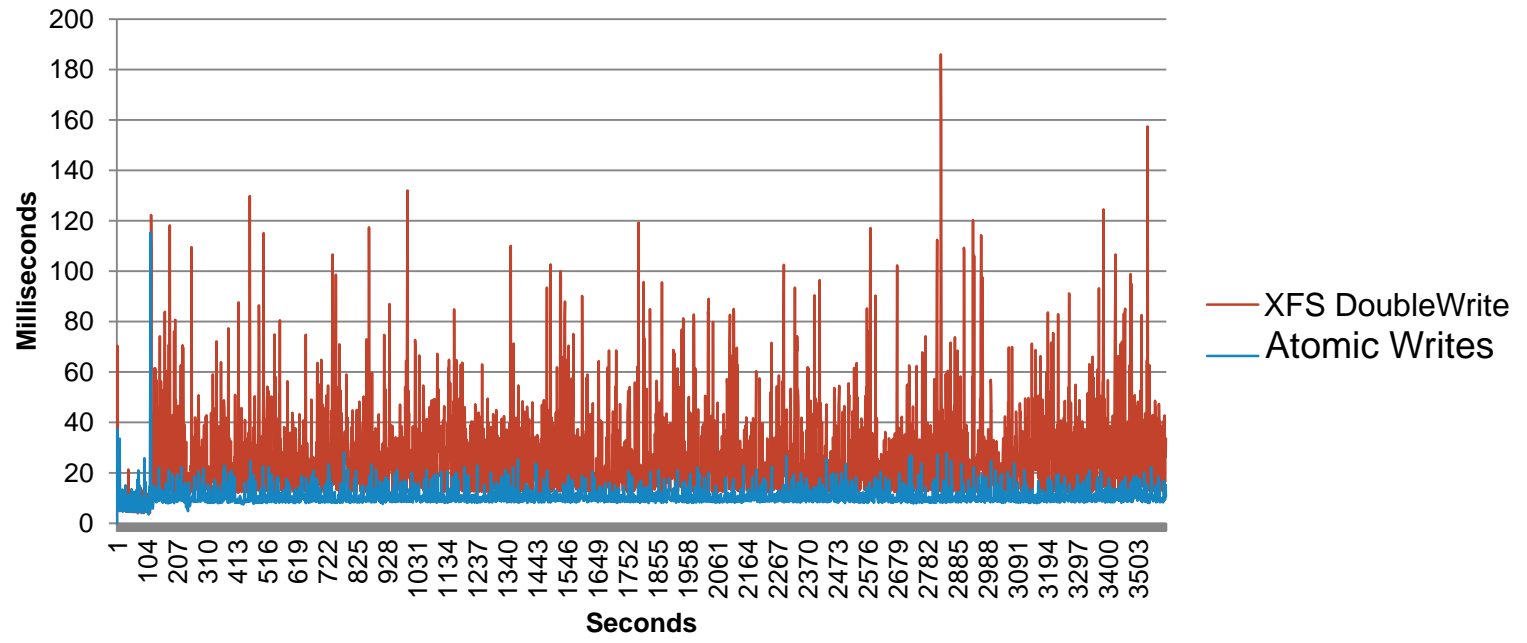
<https://opennvm.github.io>



MySQL Example: Latency Improvement

2-4x Latency Improvement on Percona Server

Sysbench 99% Latency OLTP workload

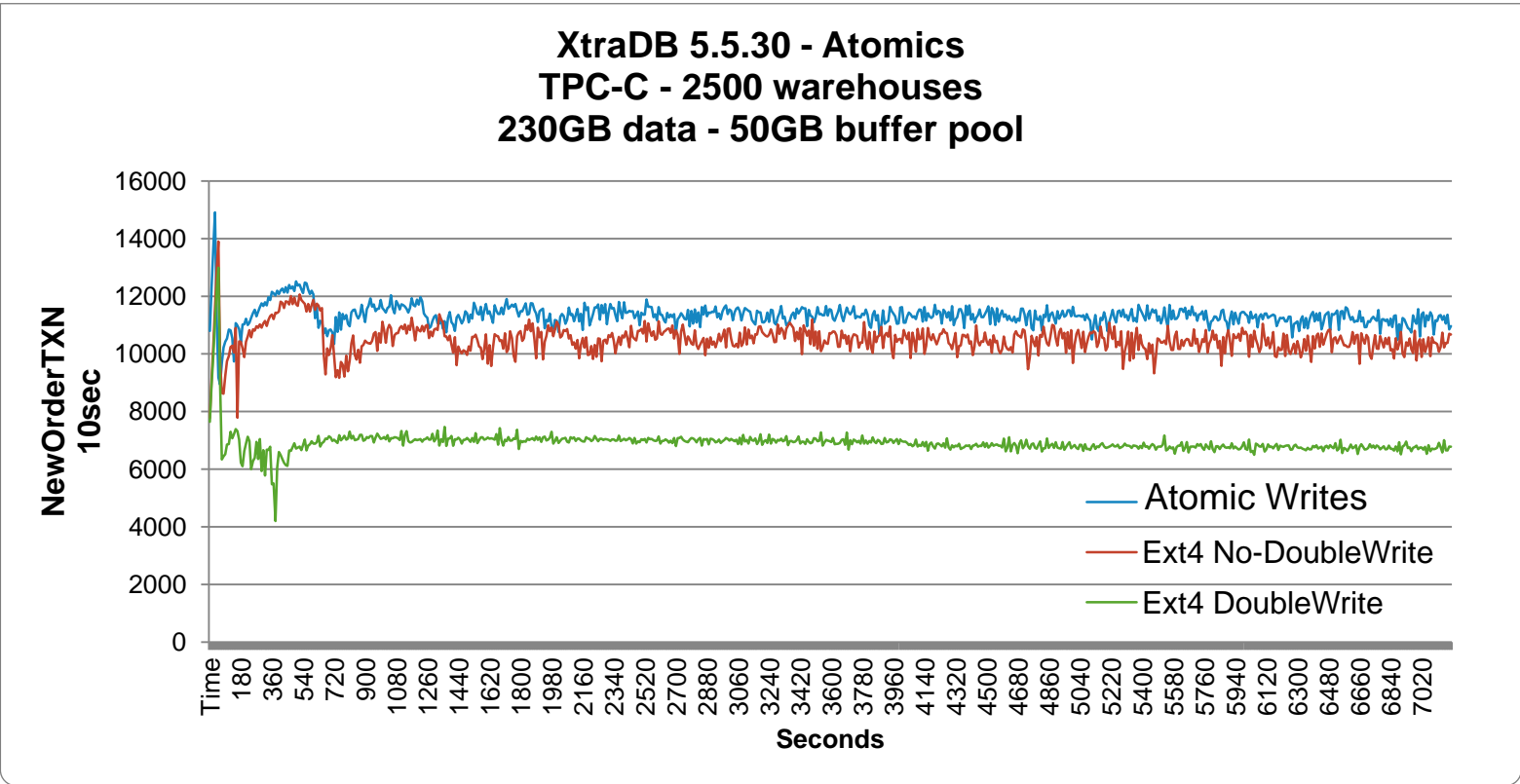




MySQL Example: Throughput Improvement

FUSION-io

70% Transactions/sec Improvement on MariaDB Server



2nd Contribution: Linux Fast-Swap



Flash-aware Linux swap

When working set size exceeds the capacity of DRAM, demand page from a flash-aware virtual memory subsystem.

Repository

Learn More

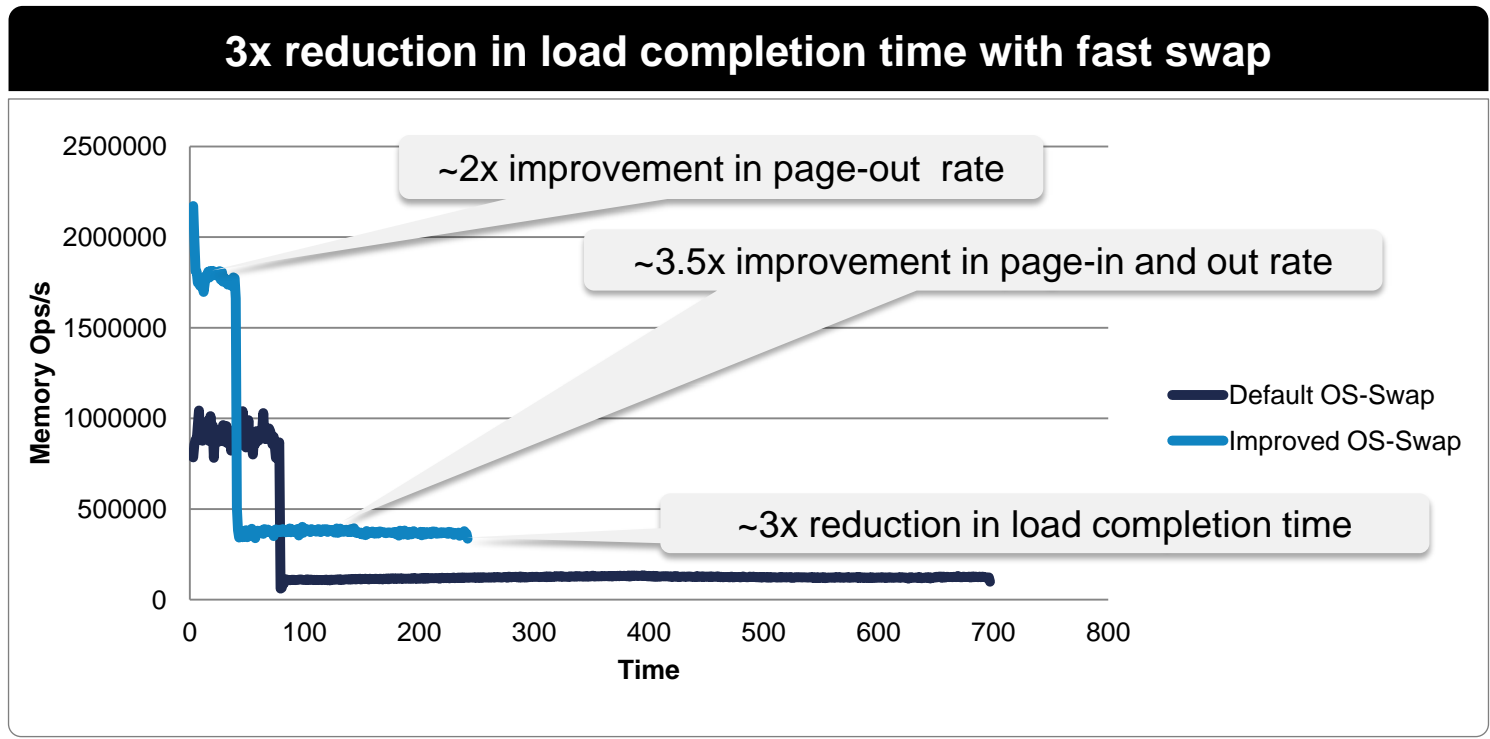
On GitHub:

- Documentation
- Experimental Linux kernel with virtual memory swap patch (3.6 kernel)
- Benchmarking utility

<https://opennvm.github.io>



Fast Swap - Performance



3rd Contribution: Key-Value Interface

FUSION-iO



Key-value interface to flash

Create NoSQL databases faster. Automate garbage collection of expired data.

Repository

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On GitHub:

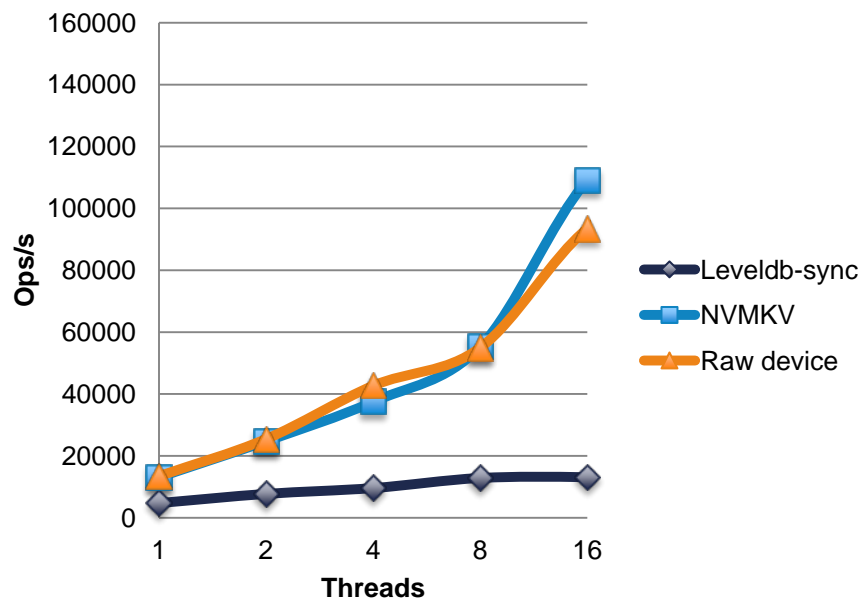
- API specifications, such as:
 - `nvm_kv_put()`
 - `nvm_kv_get()`
 - `nvm_kv_batch_put()`
 - `nvm_kv_set_global_expiry()`
- Sample program code
- Benchmarking utility
- Source code (30 Aug)



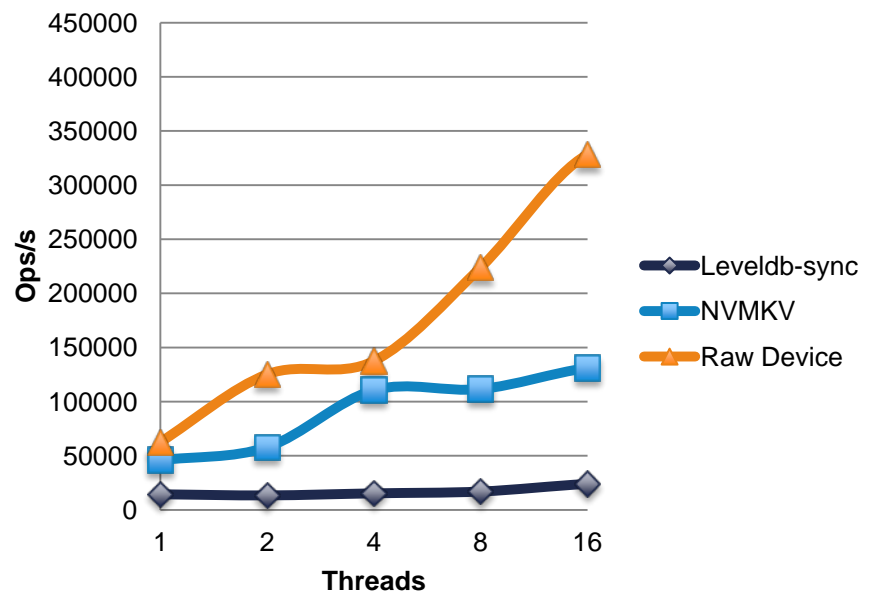
Key-Value Interface - Performance

Key-Value get/put vs. Raw read/write vs. levelDB read/write

GET v READ



PUT v WRITE





OpenNVM, Standards, and Consortia

- opennvm.github.io
 - ▶ Primitives API specifications, sample code
 - ▶ Linux swap kernel patch and benchmarking tools
 - ▶ key-value interface API library, sample code, benchmark tools
- INCITS SCSI (T10) active standards proposals:
 - ▶ SBC-4 SPC-5 Atomic-Write
<http://www.t10.org/cgi-bin/ac.pl?t=d&f=11-229r6.pdf>
 - ▶ SBC-4 SPC-5 Scattered writes, optionally atomic
<http://www.t10.org/cgi-bin/ac.pl?t=d&f=12-086r3.pdf>
 - ▶ SBC-4 SPC-5 Gathered reads, optionally atomic
<http://www.t10.org/cgi-bin/ac.pl?t=d&f=12-087r3.pdf>
- SNIA NVM-Programming TWG draft guide:
<http://snia.org/forums/sss/nvmp>

Apps Using OpenNVM technology

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THANK YOU



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